

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
OF GREGORY COUNTY

AUDIT REPORT

FISCAL YEAR JULY 1, 2022, TO JUNE 30, 2023

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P.O. Box 247

105 EAST MAIN, PARKSTON, SOUTH DAKOTA 57366

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
SCHOOL DISTRICT OFFICIALS
JUNE 30, 2023

BOARD MEMBERS:

Brandon York – President
Lindsay McCarthy – Vice-President
Chad Bauld
Justin Hood
Joel Johnson
Anthony Mayer
Patrick Schulte

SUPERINTENDENT:

Rob Thompson

BUSINESS MANAGER:

Debora Indahl

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board
Burke School District No. 26-2
Burke, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burke School District No. 26-2, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2023 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2024.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

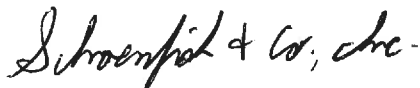
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

School District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the School District's response to the findings as identified in our audit. The School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. The School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
October 29, 2024

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS:

Finding Number 2022-001:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets. This comment has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2023-001.

Finding Number 2022-002:

The Burke School District purchased two vans and a mini bus without advertising for competitive bids as required by SDCL 5-18A-14 and 5-18A-22. This comment has been corrected.

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SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGSCURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS:Internal Control – Related Finding – Material Weakness:Finding Number 2023-001:Condition:

A material weakness in internal controls was noted due to a lack of proper segregation of duties for revenues which affect the reporting compliance requirement category. This is a continuing audit comment since fiscal year 1999.

Criteria:

Proper segregation of duties results in increased reliability of reported financial data and decreased potential for the loss of public assets through the separation of key accounting and physical control functions.

The AICPA states that, "Segregation of Duties (SOD) is a basic building block of sustainable risk management and internal controls for a business. The principle of SOD is based on shared responsibilities of a key process that disperses the critical functions of that process to more than one person or department. Without this separation in key processes, fraud and error risks are far less manageable."

Cause of Condition:

A limited number of employees process all revenue transactions from beginning to end. They also receive money, issue receipts, record receipts, post receipts in the accounting records, prepare bank deposits, reconcile bank statements, and prepare financial statements. A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial statements. A lack of proper segregation of duties existed for the revenues resulting in decreased reliability of reported financial data and increased potential for the loss of public assets.

Potential Effect of Condition:

As a result, there is an increased likelihood that errors could occur and not be detected in a timely manner by employees in the ordinary course of performing their duties.

Recommendation:

1. We recommend that the Burke School District officials be cognizant of this lack of segregation of duties for revenues and attempt to develop policies and provide compensating internal controls whenever, and wherever, possible and practical. In addition, we recommend that all necessary accounting records be established and properly maintained to provide some compensation for lack of proper segregation of duties.

Client's Response:

The Burke School District Board President, Anthony Mayer, is the contact person responsible for the corrective action plan for this comment. This comment is due to the size of the Burke School District which precludes staffing at a level sufficient to provide an ideal environment for internal controls. We are aware of this problem and are attempting to develop policies and attempting to provide compensating controls.

CLOSING CONFERENCE

The audit was discussed with the officials during the course of the audit and with the Board President, Superintendent, and the Business Manager on June 18, 2024.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board
Burke School District No. 26-2
Gregory County, South Dakota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Burke School District No. 26-2, South Dakota (School District), as of June 30, 2023, and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Burke School District No. 26-2 as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of the School District Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

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The School District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the School District Officials but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.
Certified Public Accountants
October 29, 2024

Schoenfish & Co., Inc.

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BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
As of June 30, 2023

	Primary Government		Total
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	
ASSETS:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,773,805.60	95,171.75	1,868,977.35
Investments	2,750,000.00		2,750,000.00
Taxes Receivable	724,483.11		724,483.11
Other Assets	94,047.56		94,047.56
Inventories		7,622.48	7,622.48
Net Pension Asset	7,184.93		7,184.93
Capital Assets:			
Land	17,501.00		17,501.00
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	6,148,686.14	273,918.24	6,422,604.38
TOTAL ASSETS	11,515,708.34	376,712.47	11,892,420.81
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Pension Related Deferred Outflows	727,829.81		727,829.81
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	727,829.81	0.00	727,829.81
LIABILITIES :			
Accounts Payable	20,323.86	654.33	20,978.19
Other Current Liabilities	240,873.08	412.73	241,285.81
Unearned Revenue		17,314.40	17,314.40
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Due Within One Year	71,000.00		71,000.00
Due in More than One Year	2,850,444.17		2,850,444.17
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,182,641.11	18,381.46	3,201,022.57
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:			
Taxes Levied for Future Period	724,483.11		724,483.11
Pension Related Deferred Inflows	421,617.62		421,617.62
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,146,100.73	0.00	1,146,100.73
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	6,166,187.14	273,918.24	6,440,105.38
Restricted for:			
Capital Outlay Purposes	712,323.17		712,323.17
Special Education Purposes	254,831.57		254,831.57
SDRS Pension Purposes	313,397.12		313,397.12
Unrestricted (Deficit)	468,057.31	84,412.77	552,470.08
TOTAL NET POSITION	7,914,796.31	358,331.01	8,273,127.32

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government		
					Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	2,027,951.12	459,230.68	254,635.25		(1,314,085.19)		(1,314,085.19)
Support Services	1,509,741.17	3,906.55	252,953.00		(1,252,881.62)		(1,252,881.62)
*Interest on Long-Term Debt	81,095.63				(81,095.63)		(81,095.63)
Cocurricular Activities	237,335.02	15,589.00			(221,746.02)		(221,746.02)
Total Governmental Activities	3,856,122.94	478,726.23	507,588.25	0.00	(2,869,808.46)		(2,869,808.46)
Business-type Activities:							
Food Service	173,864.26	87,774.60	114,815.03		28,725.37		28,725.37
West River CTE	44,874.20	26,388.60			(18,485.60)		(18,485.60)
Total Business-type Activities	218,738.46	114,163.20	114,815.03	0.00	10,239.77		10,239.77
Total Primary Government	4,074,861.40	592,889.43	622,403.28	0.00	(2,869,808.46)		(2,859,568.69)

* The District does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

General Revenues:	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Taxes:			
Property Taxes	1,514,913.49		1,514,913.49
Utility Taxes	62,159.06		62,159.06
Revenue from Federal Sources	2,868.00		2,868.00
Revenue from State Sources:			
State Aid	1,305,157.44		1,305,157.44
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	29,845.06	692.09	30,537.15
Other General Revenues	64,791.27		64,791.27
Transfers	(2,410.00)	2,410.00	0.00
Total General Revenues	2,977,324.32	3,102.09	2,980,426.41
Change in Net Position	107,515.86	13,341.86	120,857.72
Net Position - Beginning	7,807,280.45	344,989.15	8,152,269.60
NET POSITION - ENDING	7,914,796.31	358,331.01	8,273,127.32

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this financial statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
As of June 30, 2023

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Capital Outlay Fund</u>	<u>Special Education Fund</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
ASSETS:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	634,257.67	880,563.34	258,984.59	1,773,805.60
Investments		2,750,000.00		2,750,000.00
Taxes Receivable--Current	328,839.56	206,042.82	166,574.49	701,456.87
Taxes Receivable--Delinquent	15,322.79	4,095.84	3,607.61	23,026.24
Due from Other Government	78,516.56	4,064.00	11,467.00	94,047.56
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>1,056,936.58</u>	<u>3,844,766.00</u>	<u>440,633.69</u>	<u>5,342,336.27</u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts Payable	18,019.69	2,304.17		20,323.86
Contracts Payable	196,253.64		10,452.10	206,705.74
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings and Employer Matching Payable	28,999.42		5,167.92	34,167.34
Total Liabilities	<u>243,272.75</u>	<u>2,304.17</u>	<u>15,620.02</u>	<u>261,196.94</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	15,322.79	4,095.84	3,607.61	23,026.24
Taxes Levied for Future Period	328,839.56	206,042.82	166,574.49	701,456.87
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>344,162.35</u>	<u>210,138.66</u>	<u>170,182.10</u>	<u>724,483.11</u>
Fund Balances:				
Restricted:				
Capital Outlay		3,632,323.17		3,632,323.17
Special Education			254,831.57	254,831.57
Assigned for Next Year's Budget	124,291.00			124,291.00
Unassigned	345,210.48			345,210.48
Total Fund Balances	<u>469,501.48</u>	<u>3,632,323.17</u>	<u>254,831.57</u>	<u>4,356,656.22</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>1,056,936.58</u>	<u>3,844,766.00</u>	<u>440,633.69</u>	<u>5,342,336.27</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	<u>4,356,656.22</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Net pension asset reported in governmental activities is not an available financial resource and therefore is not reported in the funds.	<u>7,184.93</u>
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>6,166,187.14</u>
Pension related deferred outflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>727,829.81</u>
Long-term liabilities, including limited tax general obligation certificates and accrued leave payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>(2,921,444.17)</u>
Pension related deferred inflows are components of pension liability (asset) and therefore are not reported in the funds.	<u>(421,617.62)</u>
Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u><u>7,914,796.31</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	409,712.46	245,765.50	198,843.59	854,321.55
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	316,311.03	182,569.41	155,432.12	654,312.56
Utility Taxes	62,159.06			62,159.06
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	3,752.06	1,331.10	1,196.22	6,279.38
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	5,251.04	22,794.83	1,799.19	29,845.06
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	14,914.00			14,914.00
Other Student Activity Income	675.00			675.00
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Services Provided Other School Districts	459,230.68			459,230.68
Charges for Services	3,335.55		571.00	3,906.55
Other	21,147.35	27,920.00	98.00	49,165.35
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County Apportionment	9,431.14			9,431.14
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	6,194.78			6,194.78
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	1,305,157.44			1,305,157.44
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	4,684.36			4,684.36
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government	2,868.00			2,868.00
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government	9,189.93			9,189.93
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	186,068.96	243,578.00	64,067.00	493,713.96
Total Revenue	2,820,082.84	723,958.84	422,007.12	3,966,048.80
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	512,156.74	68,968.51		581,125.25
Middle/Junior High	422,256.26	26,467.56		448,723.82
High School	565,435.35	39,330.90		604,766.25
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education Educationally Deprived	80,141.18		274,024.51	274,024.51
				80,141.18

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Capital Outlay Fund	Special Education Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Expenditures (Continued):				
Support Services:				
Students:				
Attendance and Social Work			6,022.30	6,022.30
Guidance	98,894.85		5,948.38	104,843.23
Health	480.00			480.00
Psychological			14,986.78	14,986.78
Speech Pathology			45,049.24	45,049.24
Student Therapy Services			14,721.57	14,721.57
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	9,610.75			9,610.75
Educational Media	85,517.95	14,593.65		100,111.60
General Administration:				
Board of Education	35,081.19			35,081.19
Executive Administration	140,469.77			140,469.77
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	150,285.82	650.90		150,936.72
Other	231.52			231.52
Business:				
Fiscal Services	90,216.95	3,800.00		94,016.95
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		117,698.91		117,698.91
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	283,233.10	127,127.20		410,360.30
Student Transportation	196,166.30			196,166.30
Food Services	10,111.77			10,111.77
Special Education:				
Administrative Costs			24,087.63	24,087.63
Debt Services		131,095.63		131,095.63
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	52,315.29	7,093.22		59,408.51
Female Activities	51,499.82	9,117.14		60,616.96
Transportation	17,672.00			17,672.00
Combined Activities	99,537.68			99,537.68
Capital Outlay		88,739.43		88,739.43
Total Expenditures	2,901,314.29	634,683.05	384,840.41	3,920,837.75
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(81,231.45)	89,275.79	37,166.71	45,211.05
Fund Balance - Beginning	550,732.93	3,543,047.38	217,664.86	4,311,445.17
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	469,501.48	3,632,323.17	254,831.57	4,356,656.22

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balances to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	<u>45,211.05</u>
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.	<u>(24,433.64)</u>
In the statement of activities, gains and losses on disposal of capital assets are reported, whereas, in the governmental funds, the proceeds, if any, from the disposal of capital assets is reflected, regardless of whether a gain or loss is realized.	<u>(15,509.76)</u>
Payment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds but the payment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	<u>50,000.00</u>
Governmental funds do not reflect the change in accrued leave, but the statement of activities reflects the change in accrued leave through expenditures.	<u>1,381.61</u>
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. (Pension Expense)	<u>10,934.59</u>
Changes in the pension related deferred outflows/inflows are direct components of pension liability (asset) and are not reflected in the governmental funds.	<u>39,932.01</u>
.	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>107,515.86</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
As of June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds		Totals
	Food Service Fund	West River CTE Consortium Fund	
ASSETS:			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	79,865.24	15,306.51	95,171.75
Inventory of Stores Purchased for Resale	2,311.57		2,311.57
Inventory of Donated Food	1,480.91		1,480.91
Inventory of Donated Food - Local	3,830.00		3,830.00
Total Current Assets	87,487.72	15,306.51	102,794.23
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Buildings		325,443.02	325,443.02
Machinery and Equipment--Local Funds	47,705.45	33,334.96	81,040.41
Machinery and Equipment--Federal Assistance	27,644.23	14,726.16	42,370.39
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(40,616.91)	(134,318.67)	(174,935.58)
Total Noncurrent Assets	34,732.77	239,185.47	273,918.24
TOTAL ASSETS	122,220.49	254,491.98	376,712.47
LIABILITIES:			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable		654.33	654.33
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings and Employer Matching Payable	412.73		412.73
Unearned Revenue	2,885.92		2,885.92
Unearned Revenue - Supply Chain	14,428.48		14,428.48
TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,727.13	654.33	18,381.46
NET POSITION:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	34,732.77	239,185.47	273,918.24
Unrestricted Net Position	69,760.59	14,652.18	84,412.77
TOTAL NET POSITION	104,493.36	253,837.65	358,331.01

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds		Totals
	Food Service Fund	West River CTE Consortium Fund	
Operating Revenue:			
Food Sales:			
Student	77,270.65		77,270.65
Adult	10,462.95		10,462.95
Other Charges for Goods and Services	41.00	26,388.60	26,429.60
Total Operating Revenue	87,774.60	26,388.60	114,163.20
Operating Expenses:			
Salaries	45,763.05		45,763.05
Employee Benefits	23,447.31		23,447.31
Purchased Services	400.00	9,482.94	9,882.94
Supplies	4,631.66	9,310.59	13,942.25
Cost of Sales - Purchased	73,611.73		73,611.73
Cost of Sales - Donated	13,666.43		13,666.43
Cost of Sales - Donated Local	9,427.50		9,427.50
Other	243.25	9,032.00	9,275.25
Depreciation	2,673.33	17,048.67	19,722.00
Total Operating Expenses	173,864.26	44,874.20	218,738.46
Operating Income (Loss)	(86,089.66)	(18,485.60)	(104,575.26)
Nonoperating Revenue:			
Investment Earnings	660.85	31.24	692.09
State Grants	356.68		356.68
Federal Grants	88,291.06		88,291.06
Donated Food	13,942.29		13,942.29
Donated Food - Local	12,225.00		12,225.00
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	115,475.88	31.24	115,507.12
Income (Loss) Before Contributions	29,386.22	(18,454.36)	10,931.86
Capital Contributions		2,410.00	2,410.00
Change in Net Position	29,386.22	(16,044.36)	13,341.86
Net Position - Beginning	75,107.14	269,882.01	344,989.15
NET POSITION - ENDING	104,493.36	253,837.65	358,331.01

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Enterprise Funds		Totals
	Food Service Fund	West River CTE Consortium Fund	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:			
Cash Receipts from Customers	87,008.20	26,388.60	113,396.80
Cash Payments to Employees for Services	(69,103.34)		(69,103.34)
Cash Payments to Suppliers of Goods and Services	(79,192.72)	(29,171.20)	(108,363.92)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(61,287.86)	(2,782.60)	(64,070.46)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:			
Operating Grants	96,282.16		96,282.16
Net Cash Provided (Used) from Noncapital Financing Activities	96,282.16	0.00	96,282.16
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:			
Purchase of Capital Assets	(20,965.26)		(20,965.26)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(20,965.26)	0.00	(20,965.26)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:			
Cash Received for Interest	660.85	31.24	692.09
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	660.85	31.24	692.09
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	14,689.89	(2,751.36)	11,938.53
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	65,175.35	18,057.87	83,233.22
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	79,865.24	15,306.51	95,171.75
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Operating Income (Loss)	(86,089.66)	(18,485.60)	(104,575.26)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:			
Depreciation Expense	2,673.33	17,048.67	19,722.00
Value of Donated Commodities Used	23,093.93		23,093.93
(Increase) decrease in Inventories	(306.08)		(306.08)
(Decrease) increase in Accounts and Other Payables		(1,345.67)	(1,345.67)
(Decrease) increase in Accrued Wages Payable	107.02		107.02
(Decrease) increase in Unearned Revenue	(766.40)		(766.40)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(61,287.86)	(2,782.60)	(64,070.46)
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:			
Value of Commodities Received	13,942.29		13,942.29
Value of Donated Beef Received	12,225.00		12,225.00
Value of Donated Equipment Received		2,410.00	2,410.00

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
As of June 30, 2023**

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	76,275.61
TOTAL ASSETS	76,275.61
NET POSITION:	
Restricted for:	
Organizations	76,275.61
TOTAL NET POSITION	76,275.61

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions and Donations	1,538.95
Collections for Student Activities	123,674.94
Total Additions	125,213.89
 DEDUCTIONS:	
Deductions for Scholarships	3,000.00
Payments for Student Activities	110,749.88
Total Deductions	113,749.88
 Change in Net Position	11,464.01
 Net Position - Beginning	64,811.60
 NET POSITION - ENDING	76,275.61

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the School District conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to government entities in the United States of America.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Burke School District No. 26-2 (School District) consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility, even though those fiduciary funds, may represent organizations that do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The School District participates in the Mid-Central Educational Cooperative with twelve other school districts and the Core Educational Cooperative with eleven other school districts. See detailed note entitled "Joint Ventures" for specific disclosures. Joint ventures do not meet the criteria for inclusion in the financial reporting entity as a component unit but are discussed in these notes because of the nature of their relationship with the School District.

b. Basis of Presentation:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources, in a net position form (assets minus liabilities equal net position). Net position are displayed in three components, as applicable, net investment in capital assets, restricted (distinguishing between major categories of restrictions), and unrestricted.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the School District financial reporting entity are described below within their respective fund types:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund – A fund established by South Dakota Codified Laws (SDCL) 13-16-3 to meet all the general operational costs of the school district, excluding capital outlay fund, special education fund, and pension fund expenditures. The General Fund is always a major fund.

Special Revenue Fund Type – special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Outlay Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-16-6 to meet expenditures which result in the lease of, acquisition of or additions to real property, plant or equipment, textbooks and instructional software. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Special Education Fund – A fund established by SDCL 13-37-16 to pay the costs for the special education of all children in need of special assistance and prolonged assistance who reside within the district. This fund is financed by grants and property taxes. This is a major fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types – Enterprise funds may be used to report any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Activities are required to be reported as enterprise funds if any one of the following criteria is met.

- a. The activity is financed with debt that is secured solely by a pledge of the net revenues from fees and charges of the activity. Debt that is secured by a pledge of net revenues from fees and charges and the full faith and credit of a related primary government or component unit—even if that government is not expected to make any payments—is not payable solely from fees and charges of

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

- the activity. (Some debt may be secured, in part, by a portion of its own proceeds but should be considered as payable "solely" from the revenues of the activity.)
- b. Laws or regulations require that the activity's costs of providing services, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service), be recovered with fees and charges, rather than with taxes or similar revenues.
 - c. The pricing policies of the activity establish fees and charges designed to recover its costs, including capital costs (such as depreciation or debt service).

Food Service Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to food service operations. This fund is financed by user charges and grants. This is a major fund.

West River CTE Fund – A fund used to record financial transactions related to the West River Career and Technical Education program. This fund is financed by charges to the participating school districts. This is a major fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-categories and are never considered to be major funds:

Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. The School District maintains custodial funds to hold assets as an agent in a trustee capacity for various classes and clubs.

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied on the accrual basis of accounting.

Fund Financial Statements:

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting are applied to governmental fund types, while the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund types.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide Financial Statements:

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues and related assets generally are recorded when earned (usually when the right to receive cash vests); and, expenses and related liabilities are recorded when an obligation is incurred (usually when the obligation to pay cash in the future vests).

Fund Financial Statements:

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues, including property taxes, generally are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means resources are collected or to be collected soon enough after the end of the fiscal year that they can be used to pay all the bills of the current period. The accrual period does not exceed one bill-paying cycle, and for the Burke School District No. 26-2, the length of that cycle is 60 days. The revenues, which are accrued at June 30, 2023, are grants from the State of South Dakota and utility taxes.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, receivables may be measurable but not available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Unavailable revenues, where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

Expenditures generally are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general long-term debt which are recognized when due.

All proprietary funds and fiduciary fund types are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

The accounting treatment over capital assets depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their acquisition value on the date donated.

Interest costs incurred during the construction of capital assets are not capitalized along with other capital asset costs.

The total June 30, 2023 balance of capital assets for governmental activities and business-type activities are all valued at original cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the government-wide Statement of Activities, with net capital assets reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds are as follows:

	<u>Capitalization Threshold</u>	<u>Depreciation Method</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Land	\$ 0.00	----N/A----	-----N/A-----
Improvements	\$ 5,000.00	Straight-line	100 yrs.
Buildings	\$ 5,000.00	Straight-line	100 yrs.
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 5,000.00	Straight-line	12-25 yrs.

Land is an inexhaustible capital asset and is not depreciated.

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis, the same as in the government-wide statements.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

The accounting treatment of long-term liabilities depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide statements or fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

All long-term liabilities to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term liabilities consist of compensated absences payable and Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates, Series 2021.

In the fund financial statements, debt proceeds are reported as revenues (other financing sources), while payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures when they become due. The accounting for proprietary fund long-term debt is on the accrual basis, the same in the fund statements as in the government-wide statements.

g. Program Revenues:

In the Government-wide Statement of Activities, reported program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the School District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applications, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources:

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until the applicable future period.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent acquisitions of net position that applies to a future period or periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until the applicable future period.

i. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Activities, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, non-capital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

j. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The School District pools its cash resources for depositing and investing purposes. Accordingly, the enterprise fund has access to its cash resources on demand. Accordingly, all reported enterprise fund deposit and investment balances are considered to be cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

k. Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements:

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in three components.

1. Net investment in capital assets – Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
2. Restricted net position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
3. Unrestricted net position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Fund Financial Statements:

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned components. Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

l. Application of Net Position:

It is the School District's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

m. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the School District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the Business Manager.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The School District uses restricted/committed amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the School District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The School District does not have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

<u>Major Special Revenue Fund:</u>	<u>Revenue Source:</u>
Capital Outlay Fund	Real Estate Taxes and State Grants
Special Education Fund	Real Estate Taxes and State Grants

n. Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS) and additions to/deletions from SDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SDRS. School District contributions and net pension liability (asset) are recognized on an accrual basis of accounting.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The School District follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized as follows:

Deposits – The School District's deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 13-16-15, 13-16-15.1 and 13-16-18.1. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Investments – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits school district funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of June 30, 2023, the School District did not have any investments. The investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

Credit Risk – State law limits eligible investments for the School District, as discussed above. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Assignment of Investment Income – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The School District's policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables are not aggregated in these financial statements. The School District expects all receivables to be collected within one year.

4. INVENTORY

Inventory held for consumption is stated at cost. Inventory for resale is stated at the lower of cost or market. The cost valuation method is first-in, first-out. Donated commodities are valued at estimated market value based on the USDA price list at date of receipt.

In the Government-wide financial statements, inventory items are initially recorded as assets and charged to expense in the various functions of government as they are consumed.

In the fund financial statements, inventories in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

the time individual inventory items are purchased in the General Fund, special revenue, funds and the proprietary funds. Reported inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of net current assets. At June 30, 2023, the supplies inventory on hand was not material in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and proprietary funds.

5. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before each October 1, attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the following January 1, and are payable in two installments on or before the following April 30 and October 31. The county bills and collects the School District's taxes and remits them to the School District.

School District property tax revenues are recognized to the extent that they are used to finance each year's appropriations. Revenue related to current year property taxes receivable which is not intended to be used to finance the current year's appropriations and therefore are not susceptible to accrual has been reported as deferred inflows of resources in both the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements. Additionally, in the fund financial statements, revenue from property taxes may be limited by any amount not collected during the current fiscal period or within the "availability period."

6. CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, is as follows:

	Balance 07/01/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2023
Primary Government:				
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	17,501.00			17,501.00
Total, not being depreciated	<u>17,501.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>17,501.00</u>
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Improvements	297,462.98			297,462.98
Buildings	6,837,059.78			6,837,059.78
Machinery & Equipment	662,318.34	88,739.43	(15,509.76)	735,548.01
Total, being depreciated	<u>7,796,841.10</u>	<u>88,739.43</u>	<u>(15,509.76)</u>	<u>7,870,070.77</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Improvements	(36,245.59)	(9,915.43)		(46,161.02)
Buildings	(1,366,998.69)	(68,348.33)		(1,435,347.02)
Machinery & Equipment	(204,967.28)	(34,909.31)		(239,876.59)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(1,608,211.56)</u>	<u>(113,173.07)</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>(1,721,384.63)</u>
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	<u>6,188,629.54</u>	<u>(24,433.64)</u>	<u>(15,509.76)</u>	<u>6,148,686.14</u>
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, Net	<u>6,206,130.54</u>	<u>(24,433.64)</u>	<u>(15,509.76)</u>	<u>6,166,187.14</u>

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Instruction	77,235.17
Support Services	33,003.19
Co-curricular Activities	2,934.71
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	<u>113,173.07</u>

	Balance 07/01/2022	Increases	Decreases	Balance 06/30/2023
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital Assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	325,443.02			325,443.02
Machinery & Equipment	105,870.54	23,375.26	(5,835.00)	123,410.80
Total, being depreciated	<u>431,313.56</u>	<u>23,375.26</u>	<u>(5,835.00)</u>	<u>448,853.82</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings	(102,141.76)	(13,017.72)		(115,159.48)
Machinery & Equipment	(58,906.82)	(6,704.28)	5,835.00	(59,776.10)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(161,048.58)</u>	<u>(19,722.00)</u>	<u>5,835.00</u>	<u>(174,935.58)</u>
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, Net	<u>270,264.98</u>	<u>3,653.26</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>273,918.24</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Business-type Activities:

Food Services	2,673.33
CTE	17,048.67
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	<u>19,722.00</u>

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates, Series 2021	2,970,000.00		50,000.00	2,920,000.00	70,000.00
Total Debt	<u>2,970,000.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>50,000.00</u>	<u>2,920,000.00</u>	<u>70,000.00</u>
Accrued Compensated Absences - Governmental Funds	2,825.78		1,381.61	1,444.17	1,000.00
Total Governmental Activities	<u>2,972,825.78</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>51,381.61</u>	<u>2,921,444.17</u>	<u>71,000.00</u>
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	<u>2,972,825.78</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>51,381.61</u>	<u>2,921,444.17</u>	<u>71,000.00</u>

Compensated absences for governmental activities typically have been liquidated from the General Fund and Special Education Fund.

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Liabilities Payable at June 30, 2023, is comprised of the following:

PRIMARY GOVERNMENT
Governmental Activities:

Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates, Series 2021	\$ 2,920,000.00
Fixed Interest Rate: 2.00% to 3.00%	
Maturity Date: August 1, 2041	
Payable from the Capital Outlay Fund	
Compensated Absences:	
Accrued Vacation Leave Balance Payable	\$ 1,444.17
Payment to be made by the fund that the payroll expenditures are charged to.	

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, except for compensated absences, for all debt outstanding as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Annual Requirements to Maturity
for Long-Term Debt
June 30, 2023

Year Ending June 30,	Limited Tax General Obligation Certificates, Series 2021		Totals	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2024	70,000.00	64,256.25	70,000.00	64,256.25
2025	120,000.00	62,325.00	120,000.00	62,325.00
2026	135,000.00	58,500.00	135,000.00	58,500.00
2027	135,000.00	54,450.00	135,000.00	54,450.00
2028	140,000.00	50,325.00	140,000.00	50,325.00
2029-2033	755,000.00	203,875.00	755,000.00	203,875.00
2034-2038	835,000.00	124,575.00	835,000.00	124,575.00
2039-2042	730,000.00	33,412.50	730,000.00	33,412.50
Totals	2,920,000.00	651,718.75	2,920,000.00	651,718.75

8. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The following table shows the net position restricted for other purposes as shown on the Statement of Net Position:

Purpose	Restricted By:	Amount
Major Funds:		
Capital Outlay	Law	\$ 712,323.17
Special Education	Law	254,831.57
SDRS Pension	Governmental Accounting Standards	313,397.12
Total Restricted Net Position		\$ 1,280,551.86

See Independent Auditor's Report.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

9. PENSION PLAN:

Plan Information:

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://www.sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

Benefits Provided:

SDRS has four different classes of employees, Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.

Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to the long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
 - The increase in the 3rd quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

Contributions:

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The School District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 were \$119,857.67, \$108,923.08, and \$116,624.08, respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

Pension Liabilities (Assets), Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:

At June 30, 2022, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the School District as of the measurement period ending June 30, 2022 and reported by the School District as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Proportionate share of pension liability	\$ 10,732,300.95
Less proportionate share of net pension restricted for pension benefits	\$ 10,739,485.88
Proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (7,184.93)

At June 30, 2023, the School District reported a liability (asset) of \$(7,184.93) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset). The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability (asset) used to calculate the net pension liability (asset) was based on a projection of the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2022, the School District's proportion was 0.07602600%, which is an increase (decrease) of (0.0040972%) from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the School District recognized pension expense (reduction of pension expense) of (\$50,866.59). At June 30, 2023, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

	<u>Deferred Outflows Of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows Of Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience.	\$ 136,770.68	\$ 466.42
Changes in assumption.	\$ 456,652.41	\$ 400,194.77
Net Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.		\$ 17,218.48
Changes in proportion and difference between School district contributions and proportionate share of contributions.	\$ 14,549.05	\$ 3,737.95
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date.	<u>\$ 119,857.67</u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL	<u><u>\$ 727,829.81</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 421,617.62</u></u>

\$119,857.67 reported as deferred outflow of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30:	
2024	\$ 48,031.47
2025	\$ 103,832.85
2026	\$ (109,521.23)
2027	<u>\$ 144,011.43</u>
TOTAL	<u><u>\$ 186,354.52</u></u>

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability (asset) in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of services, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%
Future COLAs	2.10%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Mortality Rates

- All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected Generationally with improvement scale MP-2020
- Active and Terminated Vested Members:
 - Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial PubT-2010
 - Other Class A Members: PubG-2010
 - Public Safety Members: PubS-2010
- Retired Members:
 - Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65
 - Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above.
 - Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages.
- Beneficiaries:
 - PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table
- Disabled Members:
 - Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table
 - Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	4.3%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.6%
Real Estate	10.0%	4.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.9%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability (asset) was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability (asset).

Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.50% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$1,491,885.45	\$(7,184.93)	\$(1,232,321.52)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

10. JOINT VENTURES

The School District participates in the Mid-Central Multi-Service Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (Co-op) formed for the purpose of providing equal educational opportunity services to the member school districts.

The members of the co-op and their relative percentage participation in the co-op are as follows:

Armour School District No. 21-1	4.68%
Burke School District No. 26-2	6.03%
Colome Consolidated School District No. 59-3	6.45%
Corsica-Stickney School District No. 21-3	6.36%
Ethan School District No. 17-1	6.61%
Gregory School District No. 26-4	10.80%
Kimball School District No. 7-2	8.49%
Mt. Vernon School District No. 17-3	5.64%
Plankinton School District No. 1-1	9.55%
Platte-Geddes School District No. 11-5	13.40%
Wessington Springs School District No. 32-6	9.32%
White Lake School District No. 1-3	3.04%
Wolsey-Wessington School District No. 2-6	9.63%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district, who are one administrator of the school on the advisory board and one school board member on the governing board. The board is responsible for adopting the co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Audited financial information is not available for periods after June 30, 2015.

The School District participates in the Core Educational Cooperative, a cooperative service unit (Co-op) formed for the purpose of providing equal educational opportunity services to the member school districts.

The members of the Co-op and their relative percentage participation in the Co-op are as follows:

Armour School District No. 21-1	6.29%
Burke School District No. 26-2	5.25%
Colome Consolidated School District No. 59-3	6.14%
Corsica-Stickney School District No. 21-3	6.14%
Gregory School District No. 26-4	8.08%
Kimball School District No. 7-2	7.04%
Lyman School District No. 26-4	9.73%
Mt. Vernon School District No. 17-3	8.08%
Plankinton School District No. 1-1	8.98%
Platte-Geddes School District No. 11-5	10.17%
Wessington Springs School District No. 32-6	8.98%
White Lake School District No. 1-3	4.65%
Wolsey-Wessington School District No. 2-6	10.47%

The co-op's governing board is composed of two representatives from each member school district, who are one administrator of the school on the advisory board and one school board member on the governing board. The board is responsible for adopting the Co-op's budget and setting service fees at a level adequate to fund the adopted budget.

The School District retains no equity in the net position of the Co-op, but does have a responsibility to fund deficits of the Co-op in proportion to the relative participation described above.

Separate financial statements for this joint venture are available from the Core Educational Cooperative.

At June 30, 2023, this joint venture had total assets and deferred outflows of resources of \$2,450,231.77, total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of \$577,287.28, and net position of \$1,872,944.49.

11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended June 30, 2023, the School District managed its risks as follows:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Continued)

Employee Health Insurance:

The School District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The School District purchases liability insurance for risks related to torts; theft or damage to property; and errors and omissions of public officials from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The School District purchases liability insurance for worker's compensation from a commercial carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The School District has elected to be self-insured and retain all risk for liabilities resulting from claims for unemployment benefits.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At June 30, 2022, no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.

12. RELATED PARTIES

The Burke School District has created the West River CTE Fund which is reported as an enterprise fund type. The Burke School and three other school districts are charged a fee in return for career and technical education programs. The Burke School is paid an administrative fee to administer the program.

The School District entered into a coaching contract with a school board member for \$2,225.00

The spouses of two school board members are employed by the School District.

13. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The Burke School Foundation was incorporated to promote the further educational development of Burke School District No. 26-2 students, staff and graduates. The organization is a nonprofit corporation governed by eight trustees of which none are appointed by the Burke School District No. 26-2.

The School District does not control it since the School District does not approve the organization's financial decisions.

14. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has evaluated whether any subsequent events have occurred through October 29, 2024 the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	352,342.00	352,342.00	409,712.46	57,370.46
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	364,595.00	364,595.00	316,311.03	(48,283.97)
Utility Taxes	68,000.00	68,000.00	62,159.06	(5,840.94)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	4,500.00	4,500.00	3,752.06	(747.94)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	2,500.00	2,500.00	5,251.04	2,751.04
Cocurricular Activities:				
Admissions	17,000.00	17,000.00	14,914.00	(2,086.00)
Other Student Activity Income	2,000.00	2,000.00	675.00	(1,325.00)
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Services Provided Other School Districts	402,255.00	402,255.00	459,230.68	56,975.68
Charges for Services	5,000.00	5,000.00	3,335.55	(1,664.45)
Other	140,002.00	140,002.00	21,147.35	(118,854.65)
Revenue from Intermediate Sources:				
County Sources:				
County Apportionment	10,250.00	10,250.00	9,431.14	(818.86)
Revenue in Lieu of Taxes	5,000.00	5,000.00	6,194.78	1,194.78
Revenue from State Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Unrestricted Grants-in-Aid	1,384,548.00	1,384,548.00	1,305,157.44	(79,390.56)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid	0.00	0.00	4,684.36	4,684.36
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received Directly from Federal Government	15,000.00	15,000.00	9,189.93	(5,810.07)
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government through the State	179,256.00	179,256.00	186,068.96	6,812.96
Total Revenue	2,952,248.00	2,952,248.00	2,817,214.84	(135,033.16)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	538,290.00	538,290.00	512,156.74	26,133.26
Middle/Junior High	391,484.00	391,484.00	422,256.26	(30,772.26)
High School	599,904.00	599,904.00	565,435.35	34,468.65
Special Programs:				
Educationally Deprived	76,788.00	76,788.00	80,141.18	(3,353.18)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
GENERAL FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Expenditures (cont.):				
Support Services:				
Students:				
Guidance	100,069.00	100,069.00	98,894.85	1,174.15
Health	1,000.00	1,000.00	480.00	520.00
Instructional Staff:				
Improvement of Instruction	17,048.00	17,048.00	9,610.75	7,437.25
Educational Media	87,351.00	87,351.00	85,517.95	1,833.05
General Administration:				
Board of Education	45,967.00	45,967.00	35,081.19	10,885.81
Executive Administration	144,676.00	144,676.00	140,469.77	4,206.23
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	157,402.00	157,402.00	150,285.82	7,116.18
Other	400.00	400.00	231.52	168.48
Business:				
Fiscal Services	94,249.00	94,249.00	90,216.95	4,032.05
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	307,350.00	307,350.00	283,233.10	24,116.90
Student Transportation Services	202,675.00	202,675.00	196,166.30	6,508.70
Food Services	9,842.00	9,842.00	10,111.77	(269.77)
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	62,070.00	62,070.00	52,315.29	9,754.71
Female Activities	59,270.00	59,270.00	51,499.82	7,770.18
Transportation	11,604.00	11,604.00	17,672.00	(6,068.00)
Combined Activities	103,177.00	103,177.00	99,537.68	3,639.32
Contingencies	20,000.00	20,000.00		
Amount Transferred		0.00		20,000.00
Total Expenditures	3,030,616.00	3,030,616.00	2,901,314.29	129,301.71
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	(78,368.00)	(78,368.00)	(84,099.45)	(5,731.45)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	77,368.00	77,368.00	0.00	(77,368.00)
Sale of Surplus Property	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	(1,000.00)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	78,368.00	78,368.00	0.00	(78,368.00)
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	(84,099.45)	(84,099.45)
Fund Balance - Beginning	544,714.22	544,714.22	544,714.22	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	544,714.22	544,714.22	460,614.77	(84,099.45)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	201,441.00	201,441.00	245,765.50	44,324.50
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	201,058.00	201,058.00	182,569.41	(18,488.59)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,200.00	1,200.00	1,331.10	131.10
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	10,000.00	10,000.00	22,794.83	12,794.83
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Other	136,250.00	136,250.00	27,920.00	(108,330.00)
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	200,000.00	200,000.00	243,578.00	43,578.00
Total Revenue	749,949.00	749,949.00	723,958.84	(25,990.16)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Elementary	71,010.00	71,010.00	68,968.51	2,041.49
Middle/Junior High	31,980.00	31,980.00	26,467.56	5,512.44
High School	42,300.00	42,300.00	39,330.90	2,969.10
Support Services:				
Instructional Staff:				
Educational Media	18,500.00	18,500.00	18,533.08	(33.08)
School Administration:				
Office of the Principal	1,350.00	1,350.00	650.90	699.10
Business:				
Fiscal Services	4,000.00	4,000.00	3,800.00	200.00
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	0.00	0.00	117,698.91	(117,698.91)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	310,000.00	310,000.00	127,127.20	182,872.80
Student Transportation Services	75,000.00	75,000.00	84,800.00	(9,800.00)
Food Services	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	1,000.00
Debt Services	99,609.00	99,609.00	131,095.63	(31,486.63)
Cocurricular Activities:				
Male Activities	8,200.00	8,200.00	7,093.22	1,106.78
Female Activities	12,500.00	12,500.00	9,117.14	3,382.86
Total Expenditures	675,449.00	675,449.00	634,683.05	40,765.95
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	74,500.00	74,500.00	89,275.79	14,775.79

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers Out	(74,500.00)	(74,500.00)	0.00	74,500.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(74,500.00)	(74,500.00)	0.00	74,500.00
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	89,275.79	89,275.79
Fund Balance - Beginning	3,543,047.38	3,543,047.38	3,543,047.38	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	3,543,047.38	3,543,047.38	3,632,323.17	89,275.79

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
BURKE SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 26-2
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS
SPECIAL EDUCATION FUND
For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>(Budgetary Basis)</u>	<u>Final Budget -</u> <u>Positive (Negative)</u>
Revenues:				
Revenue from Local Sources:				
Taxes:				
Ad Valorem Taxes	171,279.00	171,279.00	198,843.59	27,564.59
Prior Years' Ad Valorem Taxes	179,480.00	179,480.00	155,432.12	(24,047.88)
Penalties and Interest on Taxes	1,200.00	1,200.00	1,196.22	(3.78)
Earnings on Investments and Deposits	500.00	500.00	1,799.19	1,299.19
Other Revenue from Local Sources:				
Charges for Services	750.00	750.00	571.00	(179.00)
Other	0.00	0.00	98.00	98.00
Revenue from Federal Sources:				
Grants-in-Aid:				
Restricted Grants-in-Aid Received from Federal Government Through the State	64,067.00	64,067.00	64,067.00	0.00
Total Revenue	417,276.00	417,276.00	422,007.12	4,731.12
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Special Programs:				
Programs for Special Education	291,852.00	291,852.00	274,024.51	17,827.49
Support Services:				
Students:				
Attendance and Social Work	3,909.00	3,909.00	6,022.30	(2,113.30)
Guidance	6,692.00	6,692.00	5,948.38	743.62
Psychological	19,259.00	19,259.00	14,986.78	4,272.22
Speech Pathology	49,933.00	49,933.00	45,049.24	4,883.76
Student Therapy Services	16,729.00	16,729.00	14,721.57	2,007.43
Special Education:				
Administrative Costs	27,902.00	27,902.00	24,087.63	3,814.37
Transportation Costs	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	1,000.00
Total Expenditures	417,276.00	417,276.00	384,840.41	32,435.59
Net Change in Fund Balances	0.00	0.00	37,166.71	37,166.71
Fund Balance - Beginning	217,664.86	217,664.86	217,664.86	0.00
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	217,664.86	217,664.86	254,831.57	37,166.71

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2023

Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget.

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The School District followed these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Prior to the first regular meeting in May of each year the school board causes to be prepared a proposed budget for the next fiscal year according to the budgetary standards prescribed by the Auditor General.
2. The proposed budget is considered by the school board at the first regular meeting held in the month of May of each year.
3. The proposed budget is published for public review no later than July 15 each year.
4. Public hearings are held to solicit taxpayer input prior to the approval of the budget.
5. Before October 1 of each year, the school board must approve the budget for the ensuing fiscal year for each fund, except trust and agency funds.
6. After adoption by the school board, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures of each fund cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated by number 8.
7. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total school district budget and may be transferred by resolution of the school board to any other budget category, except for capital outlay, that is deemed insufficient during the year.
8. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows adoption of supplemental budgets when moneys are available to increase legal spending authority.
9. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered by resolution of the school board.
10. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.
11. Budgets for the General Fund and special revenue funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
June 30, 2023

12. The following reconciles the USGAAP Basis fund balance to the Budgetary Basis fund balance:

	<u>Year Ended</u> <u>6/30/2023</u>
General Fund:	
USGAAP Basis Fund Balance	\$ 469,501.48
(Deduct) Impact Aid Revenue	(2,868.00)
Impact Aid Beginning Balance	(6,018.71)
Impact Aid Transfer Out	<u>0.00</u>
Net Adjustment to GAAP Basis Fund Balance	<u>(8,886.71)</u>
Budgetary Basis Fund Balance	<u>\$ 460,614.77</u>

Note 2. GAAP/Budgetary Accounting Basis Differences

The financial statements prepared in conformity with USGAAP present capital outlay expenditure information in a separate category of expenditures. Under the budgetary basis of accounting, capital outlay expenditures are reported within the function to which they relate. For example, the purchase of a new school bus would be reported as a capital outlay expenditure on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, however in the Budgetary RSI Schedule, the purchase of a school bus would be reported as an expenditure of the Support Services-Business/Student Transportation function of government, along with all other current Student Transportation related expenditures.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATIONSCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 9 Fiscal Years *

	District's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	District's covered- employee payroll	District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)
2023	0.0760260%	\$ (7,185)	\$ 1,815,379	0.40%	100.10%
2022	0.0856530%	\$ (655,955)	\$ 1,943,732	33.75%	105.52%
2021	0.0801232%	\$ (3,480)	\$ 1,758,461	0.20%	100.04%
2020	0.0785243%	\$ (8,321)	\$ 1,669,588	0.50%	100.09%
2019	0.0730649%	\$ (1,704)	\$ 1,518,940	0.11%	100.02%
2018	0.0681836%	\$ (6,188)	\$ 1,385,338	0.45%	100.10%
2017	0.0675421%	\$ 228,151	\$ 1,284,938	17.76%	96.89%
2016	0.0699543%	\$ (296,696)	\$ 1,277,155	23.23%	104.10%
2015	0.0707903%	\$ (510,015)	\$ 1,237,924	41.20%	107.30%

* The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30 of previous fiscal year. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

South Dakota Retirement System

Last 9 Fiscal Years *

	<u>Contractually required contribution</u>	<u>Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution</u>	<u>Contribution deficiency (excess)</u>	<u>District's covered payroll</u>	<u>Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll</u>
2023	\$ 119,858	\$ 119,858	\$ -	\$ 1,997,625	6.00%
2022	\$ 108,923	\$ 108,923	\$ -	\$ 1,815,379	6.00%
2021	\$ 116,624	\$ 116,624	\$ -	\$ 1,943,732	6.00%
2020	\$ 105,508	\$ 105,508	\$ -	\$ 1,758,461	6.00%
2019	\$ 100,175	\$ 100,175	\$ -	\$ 1,669,588	6.00%
2018	\$ 91,137	\$ 91,137	\$ -	\$ 1,518,940	6.00%
2017	\$ 83,121	\$ 83,121	\$ -	\$ 1,385,338	6.00%
2016	\$ 77,097	\$ 77,097	\$ -	\$ 1,284,938	6.00%
2015	\$ 76,630	\$ 76,630	\$ -	\$ 1,277,155	6.00%

* Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

**Notes to Required Supplementary Information
for the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of Pension Contributions.

Changes from Prior Valuation

The June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation reflects numerous changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of an experience analysis completed since the June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation. In addition, two changes in actuarial methods have been implemented since the prior valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

Benefit Provision Changes

During the 2022 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and gaming enforcement agents became Class B Public Safety Members.

Actuarial Assumption Changes

As a result of an experience analysis covering the period from July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021 and presented to the SDRS Board of Trustees in April and June, 2022, significant changes to the actuarial assumptions were recommended by the SDRS Senior Actuary and adopted by the Board of Trustees first effective for this June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation.

The changes to economic assumptions included increasing the price inflation to 2.50% and increasing the wage inflation to 3.15%. The current assumed investment return assumption of 6.50% was retained, lowering the assumed real investment return to 4.00%. The baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% was also retained. Salary increase assumptions were modified to reflect the increase in assumed wage inflation and recent experience. The assumed interest on accumulated contributions was decreased to 2.25%.

The demographic assumptions were also reviewed and revised. The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables using separate tables for teachers, general, and public safety retirees, with assumptions for retirees adjusted based on credible experience. The mortality assumption for active and terminated vested members was changed to the unadjusted amount-weighted Pub-2010 tables, again by member classification and the assumption for beneficiaries was changed to the amount-weighted Pub-2010 general contingent survivor table. Adjustments based on experience were also made to the assumptions regarding retirement, termination, disability, age of spouses for married Foundation members, percentage of terminated vested members electing a refund, and benefit commencement age for terminated vested Public Safety members with 15 or more years of service.

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

**Notes to Required Supplementary Information
for the Year Ended June 30, 2023**

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and
Schedule of Pension Contributions.

(Continued)

As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was greater than 100% and the full 0% to 3.5% COLA range was payable. For the June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. The July 2023 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 2.10%. For this June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 2.10%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation and any recommended 7 changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027 Actuarial Valuation.

Actuarial Method Changes

Actuarial method changes with minor impact were implemented for this valuation after recommendation by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting as part of their reviews of their reviews of prior valuations. As a result, liabilities and normal costs for refund benefits and the Generational Variable Retirement Account are now calculated using the entry age normal cost method with normal costs based on the expected value of these accounts rather than the actual balance.